Independent Auditors' Reports
Basic Financial Statements and
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Findings

June 30, 2011 and 2010

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## **OFFICIALS**

Name	<u>Title</u>	Representing	
Bob Schubert	Chairperson	City of Marshalltown	
Dale Thompson	Vice-Chairperson	City of Ferguson	
Ed Tordoff	Member	City of Albion	
Marlene Krough	Member	City of Clemons	
Allan Graham	Member	City of Collins	
Eldon Stanley	Member	City of Gilman	
Bill Roads	Member	City of Haverhill	
James Happe	Member	City of Laurel	
Cheryl Culver	Member	City of LeGrand	
John Vry	Member	City of Liscomb	
Dennis Grabenbauer	Member	Marshall County	
Mike McCann	Member	Marshall County	
Marla Grabenbauer	Member	City of Marshalltown	
Robert Forbes	Member	City of Marshalltown	
Merril Price	Member	City of Marshalltown	
John Cooper	Member	City of Marshalltown	
John White	Member	City of Melbourne	
James Perin	Member	City of Rhodes	
Bruce Arnold	Member	City of St. Anthony	
Harland Quick	Member	City of State Center	
Paul Bollmeier	Member	City of Whitten	
Joe Robertson	Secretary-Treasurer/Superintendent		



### CERTIFIED • PUBLIC • ACCOUNTANTS

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> James R. Bowman, CPA • jim@bowmanandmillerpc.com Eljzabeth A. Miller, CPA • beth@bowmanandmillerpc.com

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board Members of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County as of and for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County at June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2011 on our consideration of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Bowman & Miller, P.C.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements, which follow.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ The Commission's operating revenues increased 4.4%, or \$85,965, from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2011. Gate fees increased while County and City assessments and other operating revenues remained constant.
- ♦ The Commission's operating expenses were 4.6%, or \$79,192, more in fiscal year 2011 than in fiscal year 2010.
- The Commission's net assets increased 4.2%, or \$322,060, from June 30, 2010 to June 30, 2011.

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County is a 28E organization and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities.

The Statements of Net Assets present information on the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Nets Assets are the basic statements of activities for proprietary funds. These statements present information on the Commission's operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses and whether the Commission's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Statements of Cash Flows present the change in the Commission's cash and cash equivalents during the years. This information can assist readers of the report in determining how the Commission financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION

Statements of Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. The Commission's net assets at the end of fiscal year 2011 totaled approximately \$7,970,000. This compares to approximately \$7,648,000 at the end of fiscal year 2010. A summary of the Commission's net assets is presented below.

Net Assets				
		June 30,		
		2011	2010	
Current assets	\$	1,193,310	1,709,231	
Restricted investments		3,195,618	2,989,292	
Noncurrent assets		1,688,360	1,661,584	
Capital assets at cost, less accumulated depreciation		3,476,652	2,696,348	
Total assets	_	9,553,940	9,056,455	
Current liabilities		88,644	106,157	
Noncurrent liabilities		1,495,092	1,302,154	
Total liabilities		1,583,736	1,408,311	
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets		3,476,652	2,696,348	
Restricted		3,666,015	3,459,689	
Unrestricted		827,537	1,492,107	
Total net assets	<b>\$</b> —	7,970,204	7,648,144	

The largest portion of the Commission's net assets (46%) is restricted for closure and postclosure care, park development and financial assurance to be able to fund the closure, postclosure and corrective action costs. State and federal laws and regulations require the Commission to place a final cover on the landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. The invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment) portion of net assets (44%) are resources allocated to capital assets. The remaining net assets (10%) are the unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the Commission's obligations as they come due.

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Operating revenues are received for gate fees from accepting solid waste and assessments from the residents of the County. Operating expenses are expenses paid to operate the landfill. Non-operating revenues include interest income. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 is presented below:

Citaliges in 1400 about	anges in Net Assets		Year ended June 30,		
	-	2011	2010		
	-	2011	2010		
Operating revenues:					
Gate fees	\$	1,877,788	1,787,20		
County and city assessments		159,880	159,88		
Other operating revenues	-	55	4,67		
Total operating revenues	٠.	2,037,723	1,951,75		
Operating expenses:					
Salaries		343,841	319,19		
Employee benefits		112,028	100,29		
Machinery maintenance, labor and parts		61,622	70,14		
Oil and gas		98,614	78,44		
Long range planning and engineering		173,130	48,83		
Site maintenance		75,481	97,34		
Site utilities		15,786	12,61		
Equipment rent		2,035	1,11		
Office expenses		11,509	11,77		
Training and travel		1,130	1,43		
Public education		32,091	31,39		
Legal and accounting		22,497	19,10		
Insurance		56,293	42,86		
Closure and postclosure care		192,938	109,43		
Planning and recycling		81,579	144,09		
Iowa Department of Natural Resources tonnage fees		109,534	103,91		
Depreciation		338,067	469,55		
Non-capitalized equipment		4,991	5,25		
Payroll taxes		27,641	22,26		
Commission expense		1,151	1,09		
Retirement expense		23,641	21,20		
Miscellaneous		7,802	2,84		
Total operating expenses		1,793,401	1,714,20		
Operating income		244,322	237,54		
Non-operating revenues:					
Interest income	_	77,738	98,03		
Change in net assets		322,060	335,58		
Net assets beginning of year	•	7,648,144	7,312,55		
Net assets end of year	\$	7,970,204	7,648,14		

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets reflects a positive year with an increase in net assets at the end of the fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2011, operating revenues increased by \$85,965, or 4.4%, primarily a result of gate fees increasing by \$90,588. The increase in fiscal year 2011 is a result of higher tonnage due to economic conditions. Operating expenses increased by \$79,192, or 4.6%. The increase was primarily a result of long range planning and engineering and closure and postclosure care increasing by approximately \$124,300 and \$83,500, respectively.

### Statements of Cash Flows

The Statements of Cash Flows present information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash provided by operating activities includes gate fees and assessments reduced by payments to employees and to suppliers. Cash used by capital and related financing activities includes the purchase of capital assets. Cash used by investing activities includes the purchase of certificates of deposit and interest income.

### CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2011, the Commission had approximately \$10,659,000 in capital assets. Accumulated depreciation on capital assets was approximately \$7,182,000, resulting in approximately \$3,477,000 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense totaled \$338,067 and \$469,550 for fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. More detailed information about the Commission's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

### LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2011, the Commission had \$1,495,092 in long-term liabilities, an increase of \$192,938 from June 30, 2010. The table below summarizes the outstanding long-term liabilities by type.

June 30,				
2011	2010			
\$ <u>1,495,092</u>	<u>1,302,154</u>			

Closure and postclosure care cost

Additional information about the Commission's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County continued to improve its financial position during the current fiscal year. However, the current condition of the economy in the state continues to be a concern for Commission officials. Some of the realities which may potentially become challenges for the Commission to meet are:

- Facilities at the Commission require constant maintenance and upkeep.
- ♦ Technology continues to expand and current technology becomes outdated presenting an on going challenge to maintain up to date technology at a reasonable cost.
- Annual deposits required to be made to closure and postclosure accounts are based on constantly changing cost estimates and the number of tons of solid waste received at the facility.
- Volatility of the recyclables markets and the effect on net processing cost and product throughput volume.
- ♦ Federal and State solid waste legislation and rule revisions and their effect on our current operating costs and long-term closure and postclosure care costs and a dedicated restricted fund to pay for closure and postclosure and corrective costs.
- New Federal and State mandates require monitoring and control of greenhouse gases.
- The effect of increasing fuel and energy costs on operations.

The Commission anticipates the current fiscal year will be much like the last. The Commission will be completing phase two of the B4-5 Expansion System Improvement Project as well as installing a new weigh scale but they will maintain a close watch over resources to maintain the Commission's ability to react to unknown issues.

### CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County, 2313 Marshalltown Boulevard, Marshalltown, Iowa.

# Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash \$	1,041,930	1,544,373
Accounts receivable	133,024	148,168
Prepaid insurance	18,356	16,690
Total current assets	1,193,310	1,709,231
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted investments	3,195,618	2,989,292
Certificates of deposit	1,688,360	1,661,584
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,476,652	2,696,348
Total noncurrent assets	8,360,630	7,347,224
Total assets	9,553,940	9,056,455
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	40,315	59,663
Salaries and benefits payable	20,626	18,590
Accrued liabilities	27,703	27,904
Total current liabilities	88,644	106,157
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Landfill closure and postclosure care	1,495,092	1,302,154
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,495,092	1,302,154
Total liabilities	1,583,736	1,408,311
Nint agents		
Net assets Invested in capital assets	3,476,652	2,696,348
Restricted for:	3,470,032	2,090,548
	61,361	61,055
Park development and maintenance Closure and postclosure care	3,134,257	2,928,237
Financial assurance dedicated fund	470,397	470,397
Unrestricted	827,537	1,492,107
Total net assets \$	7,970,204	7,648,144

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Operating revenues:			
Gate fees	\$	1,877,788	1,787,200
County and city assessments		159,880	159,880
Other operating revenues	_	55	4,678
Total operating revenues	_	2,037,723	1,951,758
Operating expenses:			
Salaries		343,841	319,191
Employee benefits		112,028	100,291
Machinery maintenance, labor and parts		61,622	70,145
Oil and gas		98,614	78,440
Long range planning and engineering		173,130	48,831
Site maintenance		75,481	97,349
Site utilities		15,786	12,613
Equipment rent		2,035	1,115
Office expenses		11,509	11,771
Training and travel		1,130	1,432
Public education		32,091	31,390
Legal and accounting		22,497	19,100
Insurance		56,293	42,869
Closure and postclosure care		192,938	109,432
Planning and recycling		81,579	144,097
Iowa Department of Natural Resources tonnage fees		109,534	103,915
Depreciation		338,067	469,550
Non-capitalized equipment		4,991	5,259
Payroll taxes		27,641	22,267
Commission expense		1,151	1,098
Retirement expense		23,641	21,207
Miscellaneous		7,802	2,847
Total operating expenses	-	1,793,401	1,714,209
Operating income		244,322	237,549
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest income	_	77,738	98,037
Change in net assets		322,060	335,586
Net assets beginning of year	-	7,648,144	7,312,558
Net assets end of year	\$ _	7,970,204	7,648,144

## Statements of Cash Flows Years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

201	<u>11</u> <u>2010</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	4 707 040
Cash received from gate fees \$ 1,892	•
	),880 159,880
Cash received from other operating receipts	55 4,678
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,742) (673,215)
- I was a second of the second	(428,509)
Net cash provided by operating activities 771	,292 850,777
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchase of capital assets (1,118	3,371) (164,356)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,118)	3,371) (164,356)
C-1 Com Com impating activities	
Cash flows from investing activities:  Purchase of certificates of deposit (26)	5,776) -
Proceeds from certificates of deposit	- 422,066
	5,326) (252,432)
	7,738 98,037
	5,364) 267,671
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (502)	2,443) 954,092
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	4,373 590,281
Cash and cash equivalents end of year \$ 1,041	1,930 1,544,373
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided	
by operating activities:  Operating income \$ 244	4,322 237,549
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	1,522 257,575
provided by operating activities:	
	8,067 469,550
= -p:	2,938 109,432
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,
	5,144 743
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	- 37,501
	1,666) (1,898)
(	9,348) 8,448
(m. +++==== )	2,036 (9,027)
(Decrease) increase in accrued liabilities	(201) $(1,521)$
	6,970 613,228
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	1,292 850,777

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County was formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Commission is to develop, operate and maintain a solid waste facility in Marshall County on behalf of the units of government that are members of the Commission and for use by all residents of the County.

The Commission is composed of at least one representative from each of the sixteen member municipalities, except that Marshalltown shall have at least two voting representatives. The member municipalities are: Albion, Clemons, Collins, Ferguson, Gilman, Haverhill, Laurel, LeGrand, Liscomb, Marshall County, Marshalltown, Melbourne, Rhodes, St. Anthony, State Center and Whitten. Each member is entitled to one vote for each 1,500 people or fraction thereof as determined by the most recent general Federal Census.

The Commission's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Commission. The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

### B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Commission applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The Commission distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Commission's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the Statements of Net Assets:

Cash, Investments and Cash Equivalents — The Commission considers all short-term investments that are highly liquid to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months. Cash investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents at June 30, 2011 and 2010 include certificates of deposit of \$4,883,978 and \$4,650,876, respectively.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable represent amounts billed for waste disposal services at June 30, 2011 and 2010. Due to the Commission's policy to deny continued service to customers with past due bills, management believes uncollectible accounts are negligible. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded.

<u>Restricted Investments</u> – Funds set aside for payment of closure and postclosure care costs and financial assurance for unfunded costs are classified as restricted. In addition, funds have been set aside for the development of a county park upon closure of the landfill.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets are accounted for at historical cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. The cost of repair and maintenance is charged to expense while the cost of renewals or substantial betterments is capitalized. The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets disposed of are deleted, with any gain or loss recorded in current operations.

Reportable capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of \$5,000. Capital assets of the Commission are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Buildings are amortized over thirty years, land improvements over fifteen years, the leachate system over thirty years and equipment is depreciated over a five to ten year life.

Interest is capitalized on qualified assets acquired with certain tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. There were no qualifying assets acquired during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> — Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused sick and vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The Commission's liability for accumulated sick and vacation hours has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2011 and 2010.

### (2) Cash and Investments

The Commission's deposits in banks at June 30, 2011 and 2010 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Commission had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement No. 40.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (3) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Commission contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary and the Commission is required to contribute 6.95% of covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Commission's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$23,641, \$21,207 and \$20,363, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### (4) Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	В	Balance eginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:					TT0 011
Land and improvements		750,944		<del></del>	750,944
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land development costs	,	5,068,274	1,073,639	_	6,141,913
Buildings		255,016		_	255,016
Equipment and vehicles		2,752,086	44,732	_	2,796,818
Leachate system		714,482			714,482
Total capital assets being depreciated		8,789,858	1,118,371		9,908,229
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land development costs	•	4,322,670	107,714		4,430,384
Buildings		220,194	8,443		228,637
Equipment and vehicles		1,993,979	198,094	-	2,192,073
Leachate system		307,611	23,816	<del>-</del>	331,427
Total accumulated depreciation		6,844,454	338,067		7,182,521
Total capital assets being depreciated,		1 045 404	700 704		0.705.700
net		1,945,404	780,304		2,725,708
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2	2,696,348	780,304	_	3,476,652

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (5) Closure and Postclosure Care

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Commission is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure care plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure care, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year postclosure care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a federal and state approved cap to contain and keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that period. Estimated total costs consists of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

These costs for the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County have been estimated at \$3,025,700 for closure care and \$121,000 and \$1,203,000 for postclosure care for Area A and Area B, respectively, for a total of \$4,349,700 as of June 30, 2011, and the portion of the liability that has been recognized is \$1,495,092. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care during the year ended June 30, 2011. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is seventy to eighty years and the capacity used at June 30, 2011 is 34 percent.

Chapter 455B.306(9)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Commission has begun accumulating resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2011, assets of \$3,134,257 are held for these purposes in a dedicated trust fund. They are reported as restricted investments and restricted net assets on the Statements of Net Assets.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (5) Closure and Postclosure Care (Continued)

Also, pursuant to Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), since the estimated closure and postclosure care costs are not fully funded, the Commission is required to demonstrate financial assurance for the unfunded costs. The Commission has adopted the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism. Under this mechanism, the Commission must certify the following to the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:

- The fund is dedicated by local government statute as a reserve fund.
- Payments into the fund are made annually over the permitted life of the landfill
- Annual deposits to the fund are determined by the following formula:

$$NP = \frac{CE - CB}{Y}$$

NP = next payment

CE = total required financial assurance

CB = current balance of the fund

Y = number of years remaining in the pay-in period

Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the IAC allows the Commission to choose the dedicated fund mechanism to demonstrate financial assurance and use the accounts established to satisfy the closure and postclosure care account requirements. Accordingly, the Commission is not required to establish closure and postclosure care accounts in addition to the accounts established to comply with the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism. The amount of funds restricted for both the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$470,397.

### (6) Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained

The Commission has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Commission in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa.

As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Commission had no unspent amounts retained and restricted for the required purposes.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (7) Risk Management

The Commission is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 634 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provides capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member.

As of June 30, 2011, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its casualty capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual casualty operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011 and 2010

### (7) Risk Management (Continued)

The Commission's contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Commission's annual contribution to the Pool for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$19,371 and \$18,115, respectively.

The Commission also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with property and casualty and automobile insurance. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### (8) Recyclable Materials Processing and Public Education Agreements

The Commission entered into a recycling agreement with MIW, Inc. (the Company). The agreement is for the purpose of reducing the amount of tonnage entering the Commission's landfill operation and provides for payment of an amount per ton for the processing of recyclables at a processing facility maintained by the Company. The agreement is for a period of six years beginning January 1, 2010 and the formula used to calculate the processing fee will be reviewed every two years. The amount paid to the Company for the years ending June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$26,122 and \$95,028, respectively.

The Commission has also entered into an agreement with Iowa Valley Community College District (IVCCD) to provide financial support for a part-time position whose purpose is to provide waste and recycling education in the Commission's service area. The agreement was for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2010 at a beginning annual rate of \$20,500 and allowed for increases of 3% per year. The Commission has renewed the agreement for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 at an hourly rate of \$24.50 up to and not more than 900 hours per year beginning July 1, 2010.

### (9) Date of Management Evaluation

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 7, 2011, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



### CERTIFIED • PUBLIC • ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on Audits of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County as of and for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2011. We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits, we considered the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (A) to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control which is less than severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audits of the financial statements of the Commission. Since our audits were based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the Commission's response, we did not audit the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the members and customers of the Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County and other parties to whom the Commission may report and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Solid Waste Management Commission of Marshall County during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Bowman and Miller, P.C.

October 7, 2011

## Schedule of Findings Years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

### Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

(A) Segregation of Duties – An important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties, which are incompatible. Due to a limited number of personnel performing accounting functions, the Commission does not have adequate segregation of duties over accounting transactions. As a result of this condition, there is a higher risk that errors or misappropriations could occur and not be detected within a timely period.

<u>Recommendation</u> — We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the Commission should review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

<u>Response</u> – Due to the limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is very difficult. We will consider ways to mitigate the lack of segregation of duties wherever possible.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

### **INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:**

No matters were noted.

### Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) Questionable Expenses No expenses that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (2) <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of money for travel expenses of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.
- (3) <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Commission's minutes but were not.
- (4) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa were noted.
- (5) <u>Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained</u> No instances of non-compliance with the solid waste fees used or retained in accordance with provisions of Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

## Schedule of Findings (Continued) Years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(6) <u>Financial Assurance</u> – The Commission has demonstrated financial assurance for closure and postclosure care by establishing a local government dedicated fund as provided in Chapter 567-113.14(6) of the Iowa Administrative Code. The calculation is made as follows:

OHOWS.	
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	\$ 4,349,700
Less: Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2010	(2,473,311)
	1,876,389
Divided by the number of years remaining in the pay-in period	÷
Required payment into the local dedicated fund for the year ended June 30, 2011	24,369
Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2010	2,473,311
Required balance of funds to be held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2011	\$ <u>2,497,680</u>
Amount Commission has restricted for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2011	\$ <u>3,134,257</u>

## Staff

This audit was performed by:

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